This guide is for experienced installers. Adherence to these procedures should result in a quality installation. Quadrant will not be responsible for poor workmanship, problems created by improper site conditions or installation, improper subfloors, improper applications, adhesives, varnishes and the use of maintenance products not recommended, or detectable defects verifiable prior to installation. Quadrant will be responsible, within the scope of the product specifications and warranties, for defective materials, but that does not include materials installed with defects identified prior to installation. If these instructions do not cover a particular site condition or if you require further information please contact Customer Services.

General Information

Our feltBAC-CR Broadloom features a high quality, non-woven fleece secondary backing. It is designed to be installed by permanent adhesion to a prepared subfloor (using permanent adhesive) or for temporary adhesion to a prepared subfloor (using a tackifier adhesive). The benefit of a temporary fixing is that the carpet can be uplifted and re-laid repeatedly without damaging the subfloor or the carpet. Please check with the specifier which method installation is required.

Subfloor Preparation

Subfloors should be prepared in accordance with BS 5325 or corresponding national and European standards.

All traces of previous floorcoverings and adhesives must be completely removed to reveal the original subfloor. Only in limited cases where the existing flooring is solid and non-absorbent (for example ceramic tiles) can our flooring be installed over an existing floorcovering, subject to suitable preparation of the surface.

The subfloor must be level, clean, dry, smooth, crack-free and free from surface contaminants. The surface should be moisture-free. Subfloors that do not meet these criteria will require additional surface preparation to ensure a perfect installation.

Our broadloom products are not suitable for installation directly onto raised access floors without the of a plywood and/or latex underlayment.

The final appearance of your flooring depends on the quality of the subfloor.

Adhesives

For Direct Stick and Double Stick installation we specifically recommend F Ball & Co and Uzin adhesives, however other manufacturers’ adhesives may be used providing they are of a similar specification and quality. Always follow the manufacturers recommended application methods when applying adhesives. Our recommended adhesives for feltBAC-CR Broadloom are:

- F Ball & Co Styccobond F3 (permanent adhesive) | F Ball & Co Styccobond F41 (tackifier adhesive) | F Ball & Co Styccobond F30 (seam sealer)
- Uzin KE 2560 (permanent adhesive) | Uzin Universal Tackifier (tackifier adhesive)
For all feltBAC-CR Broadloom carpets, without exception, the installer must trim the factory selvedges before seaming the carpet. Using the most suitable trimming method for the product will result in better, less prominent seams. Quadrant cannot be held responsible for prominent seams resulting from the use of the incorrect trimming method.

### Installation—Direct Stick Method

Determine the laying direction of the carpet based on the building design and installation efficiencies. Ideally seams will run towards the main light source, to minimise their visibility. Calculate the number of cuts required, together with the required lengths and widths. Cut lengths must always be placed with the pile running in the same direction.

In order to avoid colour deviations, ensure that manufacturing batches are not mixed within an area. When laying in large areas, set out the cuts in the order in which they were cut from the roll and in accordance with the sequential roll numbers to avoid the possibility of colour variations.

Ensure pattern repeat lengths and widths have been allowed for (please check with Customer Services if you are unsure of the pattern repeat). Rough cut and dry lay the cuts in the area, allowing for selvedge trimming, pattern repeats and perimeter cutting as necessary.

The factory selvedge of each length of carpet is to be trimmed prior to seaming. The method used will depend on the product. The pile channel method suits most woven or tufted plain carpets, however particularly dense constructions, or patterned carpets, or printed patterned carpets may require the selvedges to be trimmed using the back cut method or the overlap and double cut method. Wherever possible the pile channel method should be used and the overlap and double cut method avoided. Please consult Customer Services for specific recommendations.

#### Pile Channel Method:

To create a uniform edge each cut should follow the pile channel, irrespective of whether the carpet is a cut pile or a loop pile. The pile channel can be determined in cut pile carpets by running the head of a screw driver or awl along the pile channel, opening up the channel prior to cutting with a specialist cutting tool. The pile channel in straight tufted loop pile carpets is easily followed using a specialist carpet cutting tool, but a Stanley knife with a large hook blade can also be used. Best results are achieved by making sure the selvedge always “falls off” to the right of the knife blade.

#### Back Cut Method:

In certain qualities it may be extremely difficult to define and cut along a pile channel. In this case the carpet can be cut from the back using a suitable cutting rail. It is essential that the cut only penetrates the backings and does not cause any damage to the pile itself as this will impact the quality of the seam—avoid putting pressure on the cutting rail that will cause the pile to flatten and increase the chance of damaging the pile.

#### Overlap and Double Cut Method:

In certain tufted loop pile carpets it is not possible to follow the pile channel (for instance carpets which have been tufted with needle movement like patterned carpets, or printed patterned carpets). With this carpet, overlap the edges and double cut the seam, using a special metal straight edge to cut through both lengths of carpet at once. We do not recommend you use this overlap and double-cut technique for any qualities that can be cut using the pile channel or back cut method described above.

Whenever using the overlap and double cut or back cutting methods, stabilisation of the seam edges after the cut must be carried out in order to prevent the pile from fraying. This is done using a proprietary liquid seam weld. Likewise all head seams and exposed edges must be stabilised with liquid seam sealer.

Lay out the prepared lengths of carpet so that the joints abut or overlap slightly (5mm max), then fold back the adjacent cut edge on the side to be seamed and apply an adequate quantity of adhesive using a notched spatula or textured roller (as prescribed by the manufacturer of the adhesive). Depending on the use of the adhesive, application quantity should be between 100-200g/m².

#### Permanent Adhesion:

Once the adhesive has been applied, the rolls must be placed into the adhesive in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations (usually this will be immediately or after a short waiting period, depending on the climatic conditions and run length).

#### Temporary Adhesion:

Once the adhesive has been applied it must be given time to cure in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations (usually this will be when the adhesive has developed a transparent, dry film. Laying into wet tackifier will result in permanent adhesion).

Start by bedding strip 1 into the adhesive and rolling it gently, then bed strip 2, starting at the centre and working outwards, always ensuring the seams are flush butted to create a closed seam along the length of the seam. Slight lumps may occur when closing a joint which can easily be rubbed out to the unbonded areas of the installation.

The carpet fitter may need to adjust the carpet to create a tight edge and ensure accurate pattern matching by stretching the carpet with the help of knee kickers, crab stretchers or power stretchers and seam rollers. If the pattern is offset, staples, nails or a clamping strip may be necessary to align the pattern. Avoid nailing over underfloor heating, otherwise the heating could be damaged.

Fine tuning of the pattern repeat can now be carried out. This means that the rolls can be adjusted to the exact pattern in both directions up to the walls. This alignment of the pattern must be done relatively quickly because the adhesive should not be permitted to set during this time; otherwise it will no longer be possible to stretch the carpet.

Avoid edge pieces being too tightly butted to walls by allowing a 1-2mm gap. Permanently glue small cuts to avoid them being displaced by vacuuming.

When installing feltBAC-CR Broadloom on stairs the carpet should always be permanently glued to the subfloor.

### Post-Installation

Once installed it is advised not to use the floor until the adhesive has fully cured. As a guide foot traffic and furniture movement should be avoided for 6 hours after completion. Do not drag heavy objects across your floor and always place some kind of protection between an object and the floor when performing movements.

Before using your flooring we recommend you vacuum the entire area thoroughly using a dual motor upright vacuum cleaner with brush and beater bar to remove all dust and dirt.

Protect you flooring immediately after installation to avoid unnecessary damage by other trades.

The Health and Safety Executive advises the thermal environment of a workplace where the activity is light and mainly sedentary, should conform to the following criteria, tending towards the lower limits: an operative temperature of 20°C to 24°C during winter and 23°C to 26°C during summer. Levels of relative humidity in the range of 40 to 70% are recommended. At higher temperatures, the relative humidity should be at the lower end of this range.